

THE NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Containing the freshest Advice, Foreign and Domestic. THURSDAY NOVEMBER 13, 1766. NUMB. 1245.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.
[For six Years last past, Publisher of the New-York Thursday's Gazette or Weekly Post-Boy.]

LE of BREAD, published October 30th 1766.
Flour at 17/6 per Ct.

White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb.
12 oz. for 4 Coppers.—Ditto, of Dit. to
13 & half oz. for 2 Coppers.

WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S
ISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

Water.	H. M.	Rises	H. M.	Falls	H. M.
SDAY	6 26	after 7	1 before 5		
AY	7 17				
ADAY	8 8				
AY	9 2				
DAY	9 50				
DAY	10 38				
VEDAY	11 26				

h. 58 m. long. the 13th

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

at per Bushel	6s. od.	Beef per Barrel	55s. od.
AY	7 17	Pork	72s. od.
n Bread	16s. od.	Salt	3s. od.
India Rum	3s. 8d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 6d.
England ditto	2s. 7d.	Chocol. per doz.	£. 1 15. od.
ovado Sugar	50s.	Bees Wax	15. 6d.
refin'd ditto	7s. 2d.	Nut Wood	40s. od.
Olives	2s. 1d.	Oak ditto	28s. od.

To the PUBLIC, New-York, Oct. 16.

It is now upwards of six Years that I have published a weekly News Paper, under the Title of the *New-York Gazette or Weekly Post-Boy*, which I have the pleasure to think has been generally acceptable, and publicly useful: But having now Occasion to alter the Title of my Paper, I hope for the same favourable Reception of the *NEW-YORK JOURNAL or GENERAL ADVERTISER*, that my Paper met with under the former Title; since it will be conducted with the same Spirit, and to the same Ends,—the Suppression of Evil, and the Promotion of public and private Happiness. The Reasons of altering my Title are these, 1st, for the Sake of Distinction, as I am inform'd Mr. PARKER intends to publish a Paper under the former Title; and 2d, because, as he formerly publish'd a Paper under that Title, I would not avail myself of any Advantages from a Name originally assumed by him. The Number, for the Sake of more easily settling with my Customers, will run regularly on from my last Week's Paper. Perhaps, when Opportunity permits, I shall procure a Cut for the Head of my Paper, till which Time, it will be published in its present Form.

JOHN HOLT.

Just imported in the *Minerva*, Capt. Clark, from Bristol, and the *last Vessel* from London, and to be sold cheap, wholesale and retail, by

William Ustick,

At the sign of the Lock and Key, between Burling's and Beckman's ships;

IRONMONGERY and cutlery, of various sorts, amongst which are Smiths anvils, vices, beekirons, I. C. No. 3 steel, common ditto, sledges and hand-hammers, neat's leather and common bellowses, brass pipe ditto, tongs and shovels; frying pans, warming-pans, iron pots and kettles, brass and iron candlesticks; gold scales and weights, common scales and scale-beams, steel yards; shovels and spades, gun-barrels and locks of the best sort, smoothing irons; FF gunpowder, pigeon, duck and goose shot; the best of Scotch snuff, locks and hinges of all sorts, tacks, brads, and nails of all sorts; carpenters broad-axes and adzes, chisels, formers and gouges, plane-irons and planes, hammers, gimlets, augers, rules, compasses, brass dividers; table knives and forks, carving knives, and oyster-knives, cutlery, chocolate knives, Barlow's and common penknives; pewter dishes, plates and spoons, shears and scissars, razors and lancets, Temple spectacles, green glass, and common ditto, and blades and haps, shoe-tacks, pliers and nippers; machete wax, brads and iron wire; shoe, and knee-buckles of many sorts, shoe, and knee-chaps, rotten stone, pumice stone, and soap; paper and common snuff-boxes, tobacco-boxes, books, and cases, nut-crackers, gun-hammers; steel spring snuffers, and common ditto; cross-cut, mill, pit, and frame saws, hand, iron, and dovetail saws; currying knives, files and rasps, brass work, and drawers; waffle-irons, coffin furniture, majestick chairs, and hammers; house-bells and cranks, carpenters rule, wire and spring mouse and rat traps; red-wood, copperas, chain and plough-traces; single and double plate-iron, likewise, Wilcox's best glaz'd fullers press-papers; and many other articles in the ironmongery and cutlery way, too tedious to mention.

[By particular Desire of the Magistrates of this City, the following Act is inserted, there being now great Occasion to put it strictly in Execution.]
A LAW to restrain and prohibit the giving or selling of Strong Liquors to any of the private Sentinels of His Majesty's Garrison, in the City of New-York.

Published the 9th Day of November, 1762.

WHEREAS the Practice of giving or selling Strong Liquors to private Sentinels, in Garrison or in Quarters in this City of New-York, is by Experience found to be prejudicial to his Majesty's Service, by Occasion whereof many have lately deserted the Service, and many Breaches of the Peace, Tumults and Outrages have been committed; in order therefore to prevent such Disorders and Irregularities for the Future,

BE it Ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the said City of New-York, and it is hereby Ordained by the Authority of the same, That if any Retailer or Retailers of Strong Liquors, in this City, or any other Person or Persons within the same, shall give or sell any Strong Liquors to any private Sentinel or Sentinels in this City, between setting and rising of the Sun; or shall suffer or permit any such Sentinel or Sentinels to drink any kind of Strong Liquors, in his, her, or their House, or other Possession; he, she, or they so offending in the Premises, for every Offence shall forfeit and pay, the Sum of FORTY SHILLINGS, current Money of the Colony of New-York; to be recovered before the Mayor, Recorder, or any one of the Aldermen of this City, with Costs of Prosecution, upon the Proof of any one credible Witness: Which Forfeiture shall be disposed of in the following Manner, that is to say, One Half thereof to the Informer, who shall prosecute for the same to Effect, and the other Half to the Poor of this City, to be paid to the Church Wardens thereof, or one of them. And in Case such Offender against the Tenor of this Law, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattles to be found within this City to satisfy the said Forfeiture; then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor, Recorder, or any of the Aldermen of the same City, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to commit such Offender to the common Gaol of the said City, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space not exceeding Thirty Days, unless the said Forfeiture and Costs be sooner paid and satisfied, any Thing herein contained to the Contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

JOSEPH SCOT, jun.

Has imported from London, in the *New-York*, Captain Lawrence, and has for Sale, at his Store, opposite to Mr. Abraham Lot's in Smith-Street.

SUPERFINE and middling Buttons and Twist.
Fine Broadcloths.
A large Assortment of Strouds.
Kersey, 6-4, and 7-4 Robe
Blankets.
Dowls and Oznaburghs.
Irish and Russia Sheetings.
Irish Linens and Hollands.
Long Lawns, Pistol & clear do.
Clouting Diaper.
Cambricks and Callicoes.
Linen and Cotton Checks.
Scots Handkerchiefs.
Romalls, Silk Lungees.
Bandannos, Persian Tafaties.
Ribbons and Sewing Silk.
Scots Thread.
Gartering & Quality Binding.
Women's Mitts and Gloves.
Hosiery.
Cutlery, &c.
Horse Whips.
Hats.
Pewter.
Bohea and Hyson Tea.
Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves,
Mace and Nutmeg.
Dorchester Beer.
Scots Snuff.
Window Glass.
Faggot Steel.

RUSSIA and Ravens Duck, and Russia Sheetings, just imported and to be sold, at the Store of URIAH HENDRICKS, in Broad-Street, near the Exchange; who has just received for Sale, per *Harriet Packer*, a few State Lottery TICKETS; which Lottery begins Drawing at London, on Monday the 17th of November Instant—Scheme may be seen at his Store, and given gratis.

A Variety of Books and Stationary, to be sold, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

BASSETTERE, in St. Christophers, Oct. 15.
Before the Honourable ROBERT HENWILL, Esq;
Judge Surrogate of the Court of Vice Admiralty for the said Island.

The Deposition of William Harris, Mariner.

THIS deponent being duly Sworn on the holy Evangelists of Almighty God, declareth and faith, That some time in the month of August last, he sailed in the sloop called *Polly*, whereof one—Dorria was master, bound from New-York to the Leeward Islands, and about three days afterwards being then in the latitude twenty—, to the best of this deponent's knowledge, and there being at that time on board the said sloop the said master, his mate, named—Denalt, two passengers, whose names were unknown to the deponent, a Portuguese man named Joseph Andrews, a Dutchman named Nicholas Johnson, both mariners on board the said sloop, a cabin boy named—Cobbs, and boy, whose name this deponent cannot recollect: in the night, about twelve o'clock, the captain's watch being out, the second watch was called, being the mate's, this deponent's and one of the boy's; and when this deponent came on the deck, together with the mate and boy, the mainmast then being half-mast-high, the mate ordered the mainmast to be hoisted, and went forward to assist, and as the mainmast was hoisting, he the said Joseph Andrews said to this deponent,—Will, will you turn to relieve the person at the helm? and this deponent answered it was; but he would first assist in hoisting the mainmast: which being done, and as this deponent was going aft, he heard the mate tell the said Joseph Andrews to assist in hauling down the flying-jibb, after which he would not be disturbed, it being his watch below.

And this deponent faith, he went immediately after and relieved the man at the helm, who was Nicholas Johnson; and as this deponent was at the helm one of the passengers came on the deck, and stood looking with his face forward, when the said Joseph Andrews came running aft, on the lee side, and came up between the companion and the tiller-head, and struck down the said passenger with a large ax, used for the cutting of wood, which this deponent observing, cried out, For God Almighty's sake, Andrews, what are you about? Upon which the said Joseph Andrews then made a stroke at this deponent, and missed him, and he this deponent immediately ran aft, and the said Joseph Andrews attempted to follow him; but, on hearing the passenger groan whom he had knocked down, he turned to him, killed him, and, as this deponent believes, then threw him overboard, during which time this deponent went out upon the flying-jibb-boom end, in order to secrete himself from the said Joseph Andrews: And this deponent further faith, That, after his staying some time on the flying-jibb-boom end, the said Joseph Andrews came forward, and called to this deponent and asked him if he would agree to his and the Dutchman's proposals, meaning the said Nicholas Johnson; telling this deponent there were no others then on board, dead or alive, excepting the said Joseph Andrews, Nicholas Johnson, and this deponent which greatly surprised and alarmed this deponent, as he never suspected what had happened, and what they afterwards related to him.

And this deponent faith, He then asked them what the proposals were? Upon which they replied, that the vessel was their own, and if he would consent to their proposals, he should come in from the flying-jibb-boom end in safety, and have one third of what was in the vessel.

And this deponent faith, That through fear, and in hopes of preserving his life, he consented, and, after coming from the flying jibb-boom, they made him follow them into the cabin, where they broke open several of the lockers to look for money, and also broke open the captain's chest, and found there

Two bottles of wine, and, after swearing this deponent never to discover, they then told him, That before the watch at which this deponent was, they being on watch with the captain, they had thrown overboard (alive) one of the passengers, and knocked down the captain, and threw him overboard (dead), and had also thrown over the cabin-boy (alive).

And this deponent further saith, That he verily believes, the mate and the other boy, who were in the watch, and came on the deck with this deponent, were killed before the said Joseph Andrews ran aft and knocked down the passenger as aforesaid; and his reason for such belief is, That if he had not been killed before, they would have come aft to the assistance of this deponent, as this deponent made a noise, thinking that the captain was asleep in his cabin, and that he would awake him, and also to bring the mate and boy, and Dutchman aft, not then suspecting that the Dutchman was concerned with the Portuguese.

And this deponent further saith That about three or four days afterwards, the said Joseph Andrews, Nicholas Johnson, and this deponent, quitted the said sloop, and took to the boat, in order to go in her to Saint Eustatius, and they steered for the island of Nevis, and for ran under the island of Saint Christopher: and this deponent observing the said Joseph Andrews and Nicholas Johnson to be fast asleep, steered the boat near Brimstone-Hill, and being nigh the shore, and imagining his life to be in danger, as he had overheard the said Joseph Andrews and the said Nicholas Johnson, while they were in the sloop say, That they would knock him on the head, and hence the log with him; and, when in the boat, he saw the said Joseph Andrews give the several signs to the said Nicholas Johnson to kill this deponent; so this deponent stripped off his shoes, and took both his oars that were in the boat, that is, the oar he used the boat with, and an oar that lay in the boat and cast himself with them into the sea, and swam to the shore under Brimstone-Hill aforesaid: And this deponent saith, He does not know what became of them the said Joseph Andrews and Nicholas Johnson, after he quitted the boat as aforesaid, believes, they made some contrivance to get into Saint Eustatius.

And this said deponent further saith, He cannot conceive what inducement they could have had to commit the said several murders, unless it was with a view of getting what money or valuable effects, if any, that were on board belonging to the capt. and passengers.

And, lastly, this deponent saith, That the said Joseph Andrews is about five feet six inches high, of a swarthy complexion, with very black curled hair, well made, has a wife at New-York, and lived in a street in the city of New-York called the Golden-Hill speaks good English and has often attempted to pass as a Welch-man: And the said Nicholas Johnson is somewhat taller than the said Joseph Andrews, of a fair complexion, light coloured hair, has a full face, but not so well made as the said Joseph Andrews.

WILLIAM HARRIS.

Sworn this 10th of October, 1766.

Leghorn, Aug. 12. Letters from Algiers of the 5th Instant advise, that the Inhabitants were in the greatest Consternation from the Apprehension of another Revolution; on which Account several of the most wealthy People had retired into the Country. Their Apprehensions were founded upon a formidable Conspiracy against the Life of the Dey, which was to have been carried into Execution the 1st Inst. but was happily discovered 20 Hours before. Ten of the principal Conspirators were taken; six of whom were immediately strangled, and the Dey has promised a Pardon to the remaining four, upon Condition that they discover their Accomplices, which however they have not yet done.

Naples, Aug. 16. The Government having been informed, that the Corn Harvest has totally failed in almost all the Provinces of this Kingdom, has forbidden, under PAIN OF DEATH, the Exportation of Grain, Meal, and Pulses.

Peterbourg, Aug. 15. A few Days ago a Fire broke out at Mathyssewa, a Village not far from hence, consisting of about 250 Houses and Cottages, which were entirely consumed, and several Persons perished in the Flames.

L O N D O N, August 18.

FROM Marlborough, in Wilts, we have the following remarkable Particulars, which may be depended on as Facts.—On Monday, the 23d of June, Mr. G*****h, of that Town, buried his Wife; and was so greatly afflicted on the Occasion, that he could not be prevailed on to leave the Grave, but said there, weeping and bewailing his Fate, all Monday Night, a great Part of Tuesday, and all Tuesday Night; his Grief appeared so very great, that he drew Tears from a great Number of People, some of his Friends thought him delirious, and were saying, *The hottest Love is soonest cooled.* It appears, by Mr. G's Behaviour, that

the greatest Grief is soonest alleviated; for the next Day (Wednesday) he set out in a Post-Chaise for London, to pay his Addressee to a young Lady he was formerly acquainted with; he made no Objection to his Proposal, but desired he would stay a Week, for Decency's Sake: On this Mr. G. came again to Marlborough, and standing at his own Door Saturday Morning, he saw a young Girl, about 15, riding astride on Horseback; he desired her to walk in, and after a little Conversation asked her if she would marry him? the Girl (who was Daughter to a labouring Man of the Town) gladly embraced the Offer, but on Account of her Age the Father's Consent was requisite; this was soon obtained by Mr. G's making him a Present of a Cow he had bought that Morning, accordingly the Marriage was solemnized about 11 o'Clock, and after the Ceremony the new-married Couple went into a Public-House not far from the Church, where the Bridegroom gave his Bride a considerable Sum of Money, and all his Keys, telling her to go Home to take Possession of his House; which she did; and Mr. G. having carous'd with his Friends some Time, went Home likewise; but, after about three Hours private Conversation with his Wife, some Dissatisfaction appearing, he immediately ordered a Post-Chaise, and taking with him a Widow Lady aged about 60, set out for Bath, leaving his Bride, House, &c. to the Care of two young Fellows of his Acquaintance; having staid at Bath three Days, which were spent in the greatest Jollity, they returned to Marlborough, where he ordered a considerable Number of Mourning Rings to be made, in Memory of his deceased Wife; these he distributed to his new Spouse, all her Relations, and his own; and Matters being amicably settled between him and his Bride, they now live happy and contented.

Reading, July 12. The following Particulars of a Wedding lately celebrated at Th-ham in this County, (as the Fact may be depended on) may perhaps be entertaining to our Readers:—One Mrs. W-lk-s, a Widow, of Hampshire, being a good deal embarrassed in her Circumstances, and unable to pay her Creditors their full demands, put the following Stratagem into Execution to deceive them; having dressed herself, as was thought, with an Intent to go and see her Sister that lives at Th-ham, she met a poor travelling Man between that Place and Newberry, whom she desired to go and drink with her: This Proposal was very readily accepted by the Man, and they sat some Time discoursing, when she asked him if he was married, and being answered in the Negative, proposed that he should be supplied with Apparel, &c. necessary for that Purpose, if he would consent to marry her; This Proposal was, on the Man's Part, very agreeable, and a Licence being immediately purchased, the Marriage Ceremony was performed in the Presence of some of the Woman's Relations, and the Nuptials celebrated to her Satisfaction. The Woman on her Part returned the Man Thanks, and the Man on his Part, (having obtained a Suit of Clothes, and three Guineas in Pocket) wished his Bride Health and Happiness, thanked her for her Kindness, and departed with a Wife, *That he might meet with such another Wife in the next Parish.* The above Person, on being asked where he was born, said, that so far from knowing the Place of his Birth, he did not for a certainty know his own Name, but believed it to be Britow.

At Edinburgh, Mr. BRAIDWOOD, a Writing-Master, has discovered a Method of teaching the Deaf and Dumb to read, write and keep Accounts. Two of his Pupils in Sept. last, past Examination before the Right Honourable the Earl of Morton, President of the Royal Society at London, Sir David Dalrymple, Bart. and several other Gentlemen of Distinction, when they read, wrote and answered Questions, by the Motion of the Lips, and by writing on a Table with the Fingers: In short, what is related of them is almost incredible, notwithstanding those Miracles are said to be performed in the Presence of incontestible Witnesses.

Memorandum from the late Papers.

[July 21. Nine Carriages loaded with Silver and Gold, were sent from the low Countries, for the Imperial Court.

July 25. Last Week 273 Emigrants went thro' Cassel on their Way to the Russian Settlements, and 60 to work in the King of Prussia's Mines in Silesia.

The 4 Balliwicks of Mecklenburg, Wittenburg, Grammalen and Zettein, formerly mortgaged to the Elector of Hanover, were on the 25th of July restored to the Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

July 25. Recruits had for some Time been raising at Hamburg for Great-Britain, which occasion'd much Speculation, but were supposed to be intended for North-America; where it is said 10,000 will be sent from Hanover.

August 12. Addresses of Thanks had been presented to his Majesty on the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, from the Governments of Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Massachusetts-Bay, New-York, South-Carolina, &c. which were graciously received.

Charles Hara, Esq; is appointed Lieut Colonel Commandant of a Corps to be formed in Africa.

Sir Thomas Adams, in the Niger Frigate, sailed the 16th inst. from Newfoundland for the Free-Settlement at St. Peters, to suppress a contraband Trade, carried on there with the North-American.

A Writer in Vindication of Mr. Pitt,—observes That the Nation is in a most critical Situation That Spain has not paid the Manila Ransom That France has not entirely demolished Dunkirk that they have made Infractions upon the Coast of Africa, are fitting out Squadrons at Toulon Brest, and that we must soon have War. The Domestic Affairs are in the utmost Confusion That another South Sea Bubble seems to be Embryo, that the whole Stock of the E— has been bought and sold twice in a Day Fortnight, and ruinous Consequences must ensue That the King of P—s Claims of a Share in American Conquests, may cause a good disturbance, tho' the smallness of his Fleet will enable him to take or keep possession.—That it seem'd the only one capable of managing this Difficult juncture; that it was therefore to remove the greatest part of the late ministers, to make way for him and such other Office could depend upon, in the several Departments.

Great Riots at Exeter, Ufeolm, Lemnion Parts of Devonshire, many Mills destroy'd, &c. in them and many Granaries of the Farmers & sold for 4 or 5s a Buishel, & the Money sent Owners.

The like disorders have happen'd in many parts of England, and were likely to become unless an immediate remedy was applied, the late had occasioned several meetings of the Council and Ministry, the laws against lers and engrossers were to be put in execution, embargo on vessels, with any grain on board, expected, but not issued, and in short the general appearance of things seem'd to indicate an in decay.—The poor, starving for want of the necessities of life, and unable to support themselves by labour,—a desponding nation sinking under a supportable burden of increasing debts and a government divided against itself, weaken'd by management, and endeavouring to support, growing military power, that civil authority was render'd contemptible in the eyes of the people by the miseries it had brought upon them. The pieces for and against the Earl of Chatham, fill nearly half the papers. His acceptance of a peerage, has given an opportunity to his enemies, to say and suggest the bitterest things against him, and has in a great measure destroyed his popularity.—Yet it does not appear that he has really changed his principles, many still hope great things from him.—But even his true friends lament that he has lost most of his influence in the house of commons, which was the very thing that made him so formidable to the Ministry, and gave him the power of doing the good he aim'd at. Besides his acting as so many have done before him, in accepting a title, raises a doubt in the minds, even of his greatest admirers, that he will like them abandon the interest of his country.]

P R O V I D E N C E, November 1.

Joseph Sherwood, Esq; our Agent at the Court of Great-Britain, in his last Letter to the Governor and Council of this Province, informed them that he had applied to the Lords of the Treasury for the Payment of the Money due to the Colony, by Grant of Parliament, as a Reimbursement for their Services during the late War; but was told by their Lordships, that as there has been dangerous Riots in the Colony, on Account of the Stamp-Act, in which several Persons and their Property were destroyed, they determined to retain the Money in their Hands, 'til ample Compensation should be made to the Sufferers.—This Letter has been laid before the General Assembly, and the Agent requesting Instructions how to proceed, they appointed a Committee to consider and point out what was expedient to be done, who made a Report, which was approved of, to this Purpose, That his Honour, the Governor, being requested to direct the Agent to represent to their Lordships, that in Consequence of a Parliamentary Grant, some Time since, the other Colonies had received their several Proportions; and with Regard to Riots, and the Destruction of private Property, that the Legislature knew of none, no Complaints of that Kind having come before them, but when any real Sufferers should in any Constitutional Manner, apply to the General Assembly for Redress, they would take the Matter into consideration, and do therein what they conceived to be just and reasonable.

W H A V E N, October 31.

The Gentlemen nominated by the Votes of the Freemen, to stand for Election in May next, as sent in to the General Assembly holden in this Town, on the second Thursday of October, Instant, are as

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The Honourable William Pitkin, The Honourable Jonathan Trumble, Hezekiah Huntington, Matthew Griswold, Shubael Cook, Elipha- ton, Eliphalet Dyer, Jabez Huntington, Wil- son, Pitkin, jun, Roger Sherman, Robert Walker, John Davenport, William Samuel Johnson, John Spencer, The Honourable Thomas Fitch, Lezer Silliman, John Chandler, Benjamin Hall, Esq. Hamlin, Esquires, and Captain Hamilton

The Rev'd Mr. James Lockwood, of Weathersfield, who was lately chosen President of Yale College, instead of the Rev'd Mr. Thomas Clap, re- fused to accept of that Office; therefore the Mr. Naphtali Daggett, Professor of Divinity College, was chosen President pro Tempore; to execute both Offices till a Separation is made.

Let Dyer, Esq; who was lately appointed to this Colony, at the British Court, declined it. William Samuel Johnson, L. L. D. who after Mr. Dyer's Refusal, we hear has accepted conditionally, and that he purposed to go for England next December.

Friday the Twentieth Day of November In- tended to be observed throughout this Colony, as a public Thanksgiving.

PHILADELPHIA, November 6. You will have seen, no doubt, before this reaches at the Interchange between America and Ire- land totally cut off, from the First of January next, the 35th Section of the American Act of last Ses- sion the Word Ireland being omitted through- out. A Gentleman of this Place, now in London, the first who perceived it, and alarmed the Peo- ple on this Side the Water; he has presented Peti- tion to the Lord Lieutenant, from all the principal Towns in the Kingdom, and his Excellency gave him the strongest Assurances, that it will be- come as soon as the Parliament meets."

NEW-YORK, November 13. appears by the Quebec Papers, that the Recei- ver General demands for his Majesty's Use, among other Dues, those of the 5th Penny, Alienation Fines, Arrears of Quit Rents, which became due to his Majesty since the Conquest of that Colony—And persons indebted for those Dues, on Estates de- cent of the King's Domain, purchased by them, the Conquest, or for Quit Rents or Arrears of Quit Rents, are acquainted, that if they give in their declarations thereof in a limited Time, they will be allowed a customary Abatement, which other- wise will not be allowed them.

Also that the Lords of the Committee of Council for Plantation Affairs, having reported, that certain Revenues raised in that Colony while it was under the Dominion of the French King, if continued would probably raise more than sufficient to defray the Expenses of the Civil Government of the said Colony, and that all the Duties payable to the French King before the Conquest and Cession, are now most certainly due, payable to, and vested in his Majesty, by Right of Conquest, at Common Law: And his Majesty in Council having approved the said Re- port, by his Order the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury had transmitted Instructions to the Re- ceiver General and Collector of the Revenues in the Province of Quebec, to receive, collect and apply to defray the Charges of the Civil Government, all such Duties and Revenues as were collected while under the Dominion of the French King, among which are the following, viz. on

Wine by the Hhd.	Sterling Money, £. 10
Rum, Ditto.	10
Brandy of all Kinds from all Ports, for the Velt, or 2 Gallons.	1
Ordinary Wine per Bottle, one Half-Penny.	1
Sweet, Ditto. one Penny Half Penny.	1 1/2
Eau de Vil Liquer, per Gallon	5
Dry Goods imported 3 per Ct. on their Valuation	
Ditto, exported, the same	

But the Receiver General has Instructions from his Majesty, for the present, to dispense with the Duties upon Dry Goods, imported or exported, and to re- ceive for the Duty on British Brandy only 4d. Sterl. per Gallon.

We hear from Long-Island, that on Saturday last, one Abraham Cathaw, of that Place, near the Ferry, fell from an Apple Tree, by which his Arm was broke, and he was so much hurt that he died next Day.

On the same Day (Saturday) a Son of Mr. De Forrest, being in a Canoe, loading a Gun in Order to shoot some wild Fowl in the East River, the Gun accidentally went off and shot him in the hand.

We are informed, that a Tavern-keeper of this City, was Yesterday convicted before the Mayor, of selling Strong Liquor to a Sentinel contrary to a By-Law, lately published in this City, prohibiting any Retailer, selling or giving Strong Liquors to any Sentinel after Sun set, and before Sun rise, and was adjudged to pay for his Offence 40s.

The Virginia and Maryland long, are omitted till we can insert them all together. Several pieces sent for publication, will be con- sider'd against next week.]

The following Laws of the Corporation of the City of New-York, were published on the 10th Day of No- vember 1766, and to continue in full force for one Year. [Inserted by Order of the Corporation.]

A Law for the due Observation of the Lord's Day, called Sunday.

A Law to prevent Strangers from being a Charge to this Corporation.

A Law to appoint sworn Surveyors of this City.

A Law for the better preventing of Fires.

A Law for Marking of Bread.

A Law prohibiting the Sale of Meal and Flour by Measure, and for appointing proper Places for the Sale of Meal, Flour, Corn, and Grain.

A Law for regulating Negroes, Molattoes and other Slaves.

A Law for regulating Carts and Cartmen.

A Law to regulate the Office of Gaugers of Li- quors, Packers of Beef and Pork, and Cullers of Staves, Heading and Hoops.

A Law relating to making of Free-Men.

A Law for regulating the lying of Vessels in the Great-Dock, and Slips of this City, and ascertaining the Rates to be paid for the same, and for preserv- ing the Bridge, and common Sewer of the same Great-Dock.

A Law for preserving the Commons, and the Fish in Fresh-Water Pond.

A Law for regulating and establishing Fees, for the Inviters to Funerals.

A Law for paving and cleansing the Streets, Lanes, and Alleys, within the City of New-York, and for preventing Nuisances within the same.

A Law prohibiting Hawkers and Pedlars.

A Law for preventing Frauds in Fire-Wood.

A Law for marking of Butter.

A Law for regulating Fences.

A Law for regulating Midwives within the City of New-York.

A Law for regulating the Office of Treasurer, or Chamberlain of the City of New-York.

A Law for securing the City of New-York from the Danger of Gun-powder.

A Law declaring to what Uses the Seal of this Corporation, the Seal of the Mayor's Court, and the Seal of the Mayoralty of this City, shall be put unto.

A Law for regulating the public Markets within the City of New-York, and for preventing the Fore- stalling of Provisions coming to the same.

A Law to prevent the selling or giving of unripe Fruit, and Oysters, within the City of New-York.

A Law to restrain and prohibit the giving or sel- ling of strong Liquors to any of the private Sen- tinels of his Majesty's Garrison in the City of N. York.

A Law to prevent Raffling within the City of New-York.

A Law to ascertain the Size of Apple Barrels, and the weight of Onions that shall be brought to this City for Sale or Exportation.

A Law prohibiting the Sale of Hay by Measure, Custom-House New-York Inward Entries.

Pond, Bushnell, from N. Carolina: Albersen, Ferguson, Phi- ladelphia. Lawton, Jacobs, Chambers, R. Island. Dyer, Fal- mouth, N. E. Wimbles, Boston. Barnaby, Sawyer, St. Christo- phers. Hammiton, Whetton, Honduras. Guion, Hispaniola. Dole, Coracoa. Burroughs, St. Croix. Drummond, Jamaica. Smith, Mackrel, Ares, Hall, London. Norris, N. Cattle Tyne. Mears, Londonderry. Montgomery, Liverpool and Newry. Rothery, Whitehaven and Cork.

Outward Entries. Farrel, Dominica. Duncombe, Coracoa. Reynolds, St. Lucas. Chambers, Pensacola. Chilleot, Surinam. Richards, Honduras. Lawton, R. Island. Clark, Lisbon. Turner, Barbados. Gibbs, St. Croix. Gifford, South-Carolina. Dyer, Casco Bay. Butler, St. Christophers.

Cleared for Departure. Summers, to Dominica. Richardson, Granades. Ashfield, Wilton, Rogers, Madeira. St. Croix, Johnson, Lawton, R. Island. Taylor, M. Island.

RAN-away on Sunday the 2d Inst.

from Daniel Wiggins of the City of New-York, a Negro Man (Slave) named Peter, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has his long thick Wool on his Head, and the Fore-Finger of his Left Hand remarkably short, the upper Joint inclining on the Back of the Hand about 3 quarters of an Inch, contrary to its usual Si- tuation: He speaks both English and French properly. Had on when he went away an old light colour'd Frize Jacket, double breasted, and slash-sleev'd, with light colour'd Horn Buttons, a blue and white strip'd Linsey Waistcoat, an old Felt Hat, an old Worsted Cap, a check Shirt, long Oxenburghs Trowsers, mill'd Stock- ings, old Shoes, and Pinchbeck Buckles. Whoever takes up said Negro, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have a Dollar Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid by DANIEL WIGGINS.

N. B. All Persons are strictly forbid to employ, harbour, conceal, or carry him off, as they will be dealt with severely: He understands the Tallow- Chandler's Business.

Pharmaceutical Society to me directed, I do hereby give notice, to the governors of the college of the province of New-York, in the City of New-York in America, that they are desired to meet at the house of George Barns, in this City, on Thursday the twentieth Day of November, at four o'clock in the afternoon. Date, Nov. 13th 1766.

45-46 JAMBERT MOOR, Clk.

To be sold on Saturday next, for Want of Money,

By JAMES FULLER, Lately from London, at his House, joining to Mr. Brazier's Lot, at the upper End of Cart and Horse-Street, Golden-Hill:

A Very good and handsome Chamber ORGAN, which, with a few Minutes Instruction, any Person may play on: It has 6 Stops, 15 Mute Gilt Pipes in the Front, and a Set of Drawers at the Bottom; and will be sold cheap:—Like- wise, a large Sconce Glass, and some other Things.

Robert Woffendale,

SURGEON DENTIST, lately arrived from London, (who was instructed by Thomas Berdmore, Esq; Operator for the Teeth to his present Britannick Majesty) begs Leave to inform the Public, that he performs all Operations upon the Teeth, Gums, Sockets, and Palate: Likewise fixes artificial Teeth so as to escape Disfigurement, and without Pain, or the least inconvenience.

N. B. May be spoke with at his Lodgings, at Mr. John La- boyteaux, at the Golden Ball, betwixt the Fly Market and the New Dutch Church, from the Hours of nine in the Morning to six in the Evening.

45-48 To be Let, till May next.

SEVERAL Commodious Rooms, and a Cel- lar, at Mr. ROBERT SINCLAIR's, on Crommelin's-Wharf, near the Sign of the King of Prussia.

THE copartnership of FARGIE & M'DAVITT dissolved the 6th instant, by mutual consent; and the vendue business is now carried on in the same Store, by PATRICK M'DAVITT; to whom all persons indebted to said partnership, are desired to pay their accounts; and those who have any demands on said partnership, are desired to call on him for their money.

45-48 JUST IMPORTED, AND TO BE SOLD, By BREESE & HOFFMAN,

In WALL-STREET:

INDIA China, enamelled and blue and white Bowls, Caudle Cups, &c. Sets of Table China, &c. &c.—Irish and Princes Linens, Yd. wide, and 7-8, Cotton and Linen Checks; Callimancoes, Tammies and Durants; Felt Hats, Taffaties, and Cardinal Silks; Scotch Oxenburghs, 9-8, and Yd. wide Russia Sheetings; Coatings, Flannels, broad Cloths; gilt and other Buttons, and Silk and Hair; Men's black Cravats, Ban- dancee Handkerchiefs, & Cotton Romalls, Cotton Furniture; Cambricks, and Lawns, in Packets, and Humbugs, Long Lawns, &c. &c.

Choice Madeira Wine, Hyson Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon and Cloves.

45-48 To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Merchants Coffee-House, on Monday the 11th Day of December next.

THE House and Lot where Mr. Reuben Thom- son now lives in Bayard-Street, New-York: The House is 3 Stories high, 2 Rooms on a Floor, with a good Cellar, and Cellar Kitchen; and in the Yard is a good Pump and Cistern.

45-48 JOHN MYER.

JOHN KEATING,

Has for Sale at his Store in the Fly:

A Neat assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the Season.—Likewise, an assortment of Millinery.—Also, Tea, Rum, Sugar, Coffee, Pepper, Indigo, Molasses, &c. which he will sell at the most reasonable Rates, Wholesale and Retail, for Cash, Connecticut Money, or any Kind of Country Produce, but no Credit.—Said KEATING has also to sell, a Parcel, of Oars, Boards, Joists, Hogthead and Barrel Staves, Cotton-Wool, and Flax; and a Parcel of choice Deer's Leather and Beaver, with sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

45-48 John Thurman, jun.

Has still on hand, and imported in some of the last ves- sels the following goods; which as he intends for England in about one month, he will sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash:

A Few good brown double camblets, fit for men's cloaks: silk sagathies, poplins, silverets, a few broad cloths, maids and children's stays, barbers hairs and trimmings: a good assortment of horn and metal buttons, double and single gilt, with brass eyes, catgut ditto, plated and wash'd ditto; shoe buc- kles, silver buttons, snuff boxes, &c. a good assortment of ribbons, gown trimmings, garlands, &c. men's hunting saddles, horse whips, black velvet and baze, Jamaica spirits, Muscovado sugars, Madeira wine, and many other articles.—Ready money, for FURS and FLAX-SEED.

Whereas sundry persons have not complied with his former advertisements, in settling their accounts as therein requested, tho' long over due: Such per- sons may depend on being prosecuted without further notice.

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE,
A Farm containing 257 acres, lying at Staatsburgh, in Dutchess County; adjoining the North-river, nearly opposite little Esopus River, about ten miles from Poughkeepsing, with a great variety of clear land, a great part in meadow ground, and in good order; from the post road to Hudson's-river, but a large dry swamp, the whole breadth of the lot, containing about forty or fifty acres, and is well timbered down to the North-river; the upland is remarkably good for raising wheat.—Also, a farm containing 248 acres, adjoining the rear of the aforesaid farm, and extending back to Crom Elbow brook, has some clear land and meadow ground, and much more can be made; the farms are now possessed by John Burnett, and Son. For conditions of sale, apply to Stephen Van Cortland, at Second-River, or to John Van Cortland, at New-York: An indisputable title will be given. 44

Henry Remsen, jun. & Com.
In Hanover-Square:

HAVE just imported, an Assortment of European and India Goods, suitable for the Season, and will sell the same on the lowest Terms. 44 47
Any persons inclining to encourage the following useful proposed undertaking, are desired to apply to the printer at the Exchange who will take in subscriptions and make proper returns.

WHEREAS John Henry, of Hanover-County, in the colony of Virginia, hath undertaken to make an accurate survey of the said colony, by employing surveyors, in the several counties, to measure the roads and rivers, to lay down all their bearings and distances, together with all the remarkable places, to ascertain the latitudes, by taking celestial observations in sundry places upon the extremities of the said colony, and to have many hundreds of maps of the same printed in England: Which work, as it will be attended with a greater charge than is consistent with the present state of the said colony to bear, that so useful an undertaking may not miscarry, but that one of the most considerable colonies upon this continent may be enabled to set an example to the rest, we the subscribers do hereby promise to pay to the said Henry, or order, the several sums of money set over against our names respectively; he engaging that every one who signs thirty shillings Virginia currency, or five dollars, shall have one of the said maps, delivered at Norfolk in Virginia, and others who sign less, shall only pay the prime cost of the said maps, over and above their subscription, and we do hereby promise to pay one half of the subscription money in six months after publishing, and the residue upon the receipt of the maps. 42

A Quantity of Sheeting, belonging to the Factory, ready whitened, with sundry Sorts of Country made Goods, to be sold at OBADIAH WELLS's at any Time, and in the Market on every first and third Wednesday in each Month.—Said Wells still continues to receive and sell all Sorts of this Country made Cloth, both Woolen and Linen Stockings, &c. &c. as usual.
N. B. The Spinners are desired to attend to receive Flax, and bring in their Yarn, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, in the Afternoon, and not at any other Time. 26

ABEEL and BYVANCK,

At the sign of the New-York made Spade and Sithe, near Coenties-Market, have just imported in the Mercury, Cornelius Hayet, Master, from Bristol; a large Assortment of Ironmongery and cutlery, which they propose selling cheap, for Cash or short Credit, wholesale or retail:

NAILS from 4d. to 12d. brads and tacks of all sizes, hob, clout, trunk, and scupper nails; screws of all sizes, flat and round files and rasps, screw plates, 6 foot mill-saws, cross cut ditto, hand, fath, tenon and bow saws; carpenters axes, adzes, drawing knives, hammers, compasses, rules, squares, chisels and gouges of all sizes; gimblets, tap-borers, gimble stocks and bits, augers from 1/2 inch to 2 inches, shoemakers tools, awls, awl harts and tacks; trowels, scissars, and shears, green and white Chinese ivory table knives and forks, split bone, flag, and sham buck ditto; cut-throat and pen knives, children's ditto; fine and common razors, hongs and straps, locks of all kinds and sizes, from thumb locks to a 24 inch stock lock; a variety of buckles, buttons, and snuff boxes; knitting-pins, brads and steel timbles, pincers, and nippers, a variety of brass desk furniture, brass candlesticks from 7s. 6d. to 3s. per pair, japan'd and plain iron ditto, steel, and the newest fashion brass snufflers, sad and endirons, bellows, iron casting-dishes, and dripping pans, shovels and tongs; copper and iron tea-kettles, hand and bench vices, rat and mouse traps, brass scales, scale-beams and steelyards, an assortment of pewter, iron and brass door knockers, shutter bolts, spring do. and & rag stones, crucibles and blue melting pots, brass cocks, temple and common spectacles, fine and coarse iron and brass wire, bed cords, fishing lines and hooks, fish lines, pulleys and fastenings, cow and horse bells, bolts and springs for do. 4-2 and 5 foot gun barrels, locks for do. gun hammers and screws, corks, chest handles, hinges of all sorts, thumb latches, brass and oval chapes and tongues, house cloth, shoe and buckle brushes, weaver's ditto, iron and brass jews-harps, coffee mills, smith's and stone hammers, dust pans, coffin letters and figures, sheep shears, long and short handle frying-pans, fishes, spades, spade blades and shovels, German and London faggot and blister'd steel, hoop-iron, trace and drag chains, Swede and refin'd bariron, iron pots, kettles, skillets and dogs, single and double roll'd sheet iron, plates and pencils; Ware's best Scotch snuff, bar lead, powder and shot, and a variety of other articles. 42-43

TO BE SOLD, by THOMAS DERHAM,
On the most reasonable Terms:

CHOICE Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks.
N. B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for a considerable Quantity of said Wine. 30-ctf

To be Let, till the first May next,
A Very Good House in Broad-Street, at the Corner of Stone-Street; the Rooms are neatly furnished, and will be let so or otherwise, as may be most agreeable.—For Particulars apply to the Printer heretof. Nov. 3. 44 47

JOHN MORTON,

At his Store in Dock-Street, between Coenties-Market and the Exchange, has just received per New-York, Capt. Lawrence, the Amelia, Capt. Smith, the Peter, Capt. Smith and the Westmoreland, Capt. Luce from London, and the Minerva, Capt. Clark from Bristol.

A Large and very neat assortment of the most fashionable ribbons, black and white trolly lace, and fan ganz trimmings, black, blue and crimson velvet ribbon for collars: Dutch lace, skeletal, cap wire; artificial flowers, fancy fans, bone ditto, blond lace, Queens garter, black lace and edging, womens bleached chips hats; ell wide striped plain and flowered gorges, white and black cat gut, Paris net, black, brown and blue taffeties, half ell Persians, black and white farfanets, black, green, blue and white rich flower'd satins and pelongs, satinetts, black and white figured mode, mens and womens velvet, 7-8, and yard wide clear lawns, pincushion trunks, do. wives and looking glasses, French pearl necklaces, round and oval, childrens coral ditto, French ear-rings; fine wackings and queens, prince and princess of Brunswick, prince of wales, bishops of Osnaburg, womens black, white and cloth coloured silk mitts and gloves, worsted ditto; cotton and worsted stockings, mens rib'd and plain ditto; 3-4, 7-8, yard and yard 3-8, linen and cotton checks, striped holland, check handkerchiefs, bed bunts; white and coloured janes, corded dimity, fine chellets, cotton gowns; fine-makers spinnel, 7-8 and yard wide Irish linens; superfine middling and low priced cloths, coatings, frizes, flannels, baze, and fine 10-4 blankets, black, blue, green and scarlet callimancoes and draperys, mens, youths and boys castor and feli. its; ivory and horn combs, pins and needles; shirt buttons and a fresh supply of china ware; 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12 and 20 penny nails and floor brads, stock lock, gimblets, &c. &c.
N. B. New-England and Jamaica rum, and a few hogheads molasses. 44 47

READY MONEY given for clean Linen RAGS, of any Kind, at the Printing-Office

PETER T. CURTENIUS,

At the Sign of the Golden Anvil and Hammer, opposite the Oswego-Market, has imported in some of the last Vessels from Europe, the following Goods, which he will sell cheap for Cash, either wholesale or retail, viz.

SMITHS anvils, hammers, sledges, and beek irons, hand and bench vices, files and rasps, of all sorts; London figured 3 steel, common Bristol steel, blister'd do. Carpenters hand, pannel, tenon, fath, dovetail, compass, whip, mill, frame, and cross-cut saws; broad axes, ship and house-carpenters adzes, heading and turner chisels, plane-irons, bright and common augers, spike and nail gimblets, claw hammers, box rules, compasses, drawing knives; jointer, jack smoothing, and long planes, moulding do. made of English beech; locks and hinges of various sorts and sizes, fine new-fashion'd double gilt shoe and knee buckles, brass, white metal, block-tin, steel and pinchbeck, shoe and knee ditto; steel shoe and knee chapes, snuff boxes, cut-throat and pen-knives, ivory, split bone, and buck handle knives and forks; goat and fleece buttons, iron and brass wire, brass scales and weights, steelyards, scale-beams, copper tea-kettles, with rivvited spouts; nests of Indian kettles, chimney backs, sheet iron, nails of all sorts, lead and iron fath weights, spades, shod shovels, frying and dripping pans, brass and iron candlesticks, double branch sconces, brass furniture for desks and chests of drawers, brass cocks, fox and wolf traps, snap and wire mouse-traps, brads and tacks of all sorts, gun-barrels and locks, muskets, and neat fowling-pieces, Troopers and pocket-pistols, shoemakers knives, awls, tacks, pincers, nippers, spinnel and bristles; scissars and shears, crucibles, shovels and tongs with brass heads, endirons, bellowses, grid-irons, brass and iron chaffing dishes, brass pestles and mortars, pye-pans, brass coffee-pots with three cocks, waffel-irons, pot and box coffee-mills, whale-bone, and common horse-whips, stirrup-irons, saddle fringe and lace, worsted chair reins, saddles, and saddle-strings, Haarlem oil, Neuremburg salve; Dutch books of all sorts as usual.

Likewise, best pot-ash kettles, made at the Air-Furnace lately erected near this city, which will stand fire, and are made after the best models; also pots and kettles for family use, which are as thin as Holland pots, and equal in quality; cart, waggon, and chair boxes; iron bars for pot-ash and sugar-works, may be had after a day or two's notice.

New-Jersey, J. B. Y virtue of several writs of fieri facias, to me directed, issued out of the county court of Middlesex, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of James Johnson, at the suit of Stephen Skinner, and others; I have taken and seized a tract of good land, within seven miles of New-Brunswick, and five from South-River landing, containing four hundred and fifty acres; some part is good meadow, and more may be made, as there is a fine stream runs through the land; the upland is good for producing of wheat, and part of it is good woodland: There is on said premises a framed house and kitchen, a large new barn, and other out houses, an orchard, and a good garden. There will also be sold at the same time, a lot of salt meadow, lying at the Round-Abouts, containing about ten acres. Now these are to give notice, that I shall expose the aforesaid lands and premises to sale, at public vendue on Wednesday the 25th of November Inst. on the premises, between the hours of twelve and five in the afternoon: At which time and place, the terms and conditions of sale will be declared and made known, by me
JAMES BROOKS, Sheriff.

N. B. If the purchaser will pay one-third of the money due May, he shall have a reasonable time for the remainder.—The creditors of said James Johnson, are particularly requested to be present, with the demands that each of them may have against him, in order that they may be delivered in to the assignee. 44

ISAAC LOW,

HAS just imported, an assortment of goods suitable to the season, consisting of flizes, coatings, broad cloths, flannels, embossed laces; Penistons and half thicks, spotted ermine, shal, catenoes, callimancoes, oagnabrigs, sheeting; Russia dril, lawns, muslins, Calicoes, cottons, cambricks, lawns; muslins, taffeties, perlians, cotton, lungee, and new flannels, handkerchiefs, and womens gloves; worsted and cotton hose, &c. &c. which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, at his store between the exchange and coenties-market.

Imported since the above, a fresh assortment of beautiful checks and callicoes, from the fountain head;—Scots handkerchiefs, bed house, bed ticks, gartering, binding, &c.

Just imported from Liverpool, and to be sold, che for ready Money only, by Captain BALTH ZER KIP, at his House, in Broad-Street: **AN Assortment of Yellow s** other Earthen Ware, in Crates, Delf War Casks, Wine Glasses and Tumblers in ditto—Boxes Long Pipes, White Tiles and Pocket B

NOTICE is hereby given, to

the Creditors of Samuel Honeywell, an absconding De late of Bedford in Westchester County, to appear at House of Stephen Fowler, in said Bedford, on Saturday Twentieth Day of December next, at Ten of the Clock the Forenoon, to receive their Dividend of said Honeyw Estate.

WILLIAM DUSENBURY, JUSTUS MILLER, AMOS DEAN. } Trusts

13th of October 1766.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD,

L O S T,

ON Monday the 3d Inst. a Bundle of PAP MONEY, supposed to contain about £. 6 the Person who lost it, had not Opportunity to examine exactly what Bills were in the Paper Bundle but thinks they were chiefly Jersey Bills of £. 3 and of £. 1 12s. 6d. and he believes there was a Bill of 6s. 6d. and perhaps some small Bills.—A Person who has found it, will receive the above Reward with Thanks. Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange.

TO BE SOLD, By ANDREW GAUTIER,

In Princes-Street, opposite Mr. Provoost's, near Broad-Street

A Large and neat Assortment of Windsor Chairs, made in the best and neatest Manner, & well painted, viz. High-back'd low-back'd and Sack-back'd, Chairs and Settees, or double seated, fit for Piazza or Gardens.—Children's dining and low Chairs, &c.



N. B. As the above GAUTIER intends constantly to keep a large Number of all Sorts of the above Chairs by him for Sale, all Persons, wanting such, me depend on being supplied with any Quantity Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

A Person who has served a regular Apprenticeship to and has had for a long Time the Management of a considerable Manufactory in England, and who has also been employed in a universal Store of Goods there, and from many Years Experience in this Place, has obtained a real Knowledge of the Quality and Value of Goods, and Trade in general, and whose Time at present is not fully employed; is desirous of engaging with any Merchant in Town or Country, to assist in managing and superintending a Manufactory, or in conducting a Store, &c. If something interesting does not soon offer, Books of Accounts will be carefully kept and adjusted; also Instruments of Writing taken in and fairly copied on reasonable Terms. For Particulars inquire to the Printer.

N. B. Gentlemen may Diet or Lodge in a small Family in a pleasant Part of the Town on easy Terms, likewise a Person having a small House (or a neat lower Part of a House) to Let, in nearly the Center of the City, may hear of a Tenant. 41.— (t.b.c.)

At the House of Mr. RICHARD WALDRON, opposite the Exchange.

GOOD Madeira, Lisbon, and Teneriffe Wines, Cherry and Whortleberry Brandy—Annifred—Orange and Clove Cordials—Geneva—Brandy—all by the Barrel or single Gallon.—Black Currant, and Brown Sugar—Cheese—Black Bottles—Wax, and sundry other Things to be sold, by CORNELIA BLAAU.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings a Week, and One Shilling for each Week after.

SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER,—NUMB. 1245.

THURSDAY NOVEMBER 13, 1766.

LONDON, Sept. 13.

ABOUT eighteen months ago a farmer near Tame, in Oxfordshire, had a son, about two years old, stolen away, and, after long search, father and mother had given over all hope of his recovery, when, some days since, the farmer, being market at High Wickham, discovered his lost child with a man and woman, who travel the countstinkers; they said they bought the child for guinea, last April, of a gang of Gypsies, in ahead Thicket, on account of its being

several weeks since a servant applied to one of the officers at the West end of the town, and them half a crown, when they assured him of it: Some days after, on his returning again, named a Colonel they had engaged him with, in hopes of being in service, he continued three weeks waiting, when, at last, it turned out there was no such Colonel in being. He applied to a petty Magistrate for redress, who advised him to them before a Court of Conscience, which was done, and the Court not only ordered the half crown be returned, but decreed them to pay for his board during the three weeks, as he made it appear he had had another place in that time.

We are informed, that Mrs. Cornelys, of Soho-square, has purchased Mr. Tyers's right and title to all the Gardens, for a considerable sum of money. At the beginning of the cod fishing this last season, fleets on the Western-banks unanimously resolved to use the most forcible means, if necessary, to prevent the Dutch from dropping a line on those banks; but, luckily for them, not a vessel of that nation (perhaps apprised of the resolution) presumed to appear.—If the British fishermen about the Orkneys and on our Eastern coasts were to adopt the same laudable determination, there could be no doubt but that the annual depredations of the Dutch in our narrow seas would speedily cease; to the great and permanent advantage of Great Britain.

August 30. A plan of Lord Chatham's, for uniting the colonies with the mother country, will certainly be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer of the 62d Regiment, dated Dominica, July 29, 1766.

"I am just returned from Guadaloupe, where I have been a few Days on an Embassy, to demand of the General and Governor a Vessel belonging to that Island, taken out of one of our Bays by a Guarda Costa of that Government, having contraband Goods on board, tho' under our Protection, as she had come to Anchor there, after a Chase of some Hours, and threw herself under our Protection. I had the happiness to succeed; and altho' both Vessel and Cargo hath been condemned and publicly sold I had the Satisfaction of receiving the Value of the Cargo, and of obliging the Governor to deliver me the Vessel; and by his own People, to send her with me to this Government. So much for the Honour of the British Nation, and to prevent Injuncts to our infant Colonies."

According to letters from Madrid, one reason alleged for the non-payment of the Manilla ransom is the delay of the expected floats from New-Spain, which has rendered the Treasury very bare of money.

It is strongly reported that the Island of Porto Rico, in the West-Indies, or some other important Places on the Spanish Western Empire, will be demanded of the Court of Madrid, to be delivered into the Hands of the English, by Way of Security for Payment of the Manilla Ransom, in Case our Ministers meet with any farther Procrastination in that Affair.

A copy of the articles proposed by France, for effecting an accommodation between the Corsicans and Genoeses, has been transmitted here by one of his Majesty's foreign Consuls, said to be of some importance to our trade in the Mediterranean.

The Lord Chancellor continues to act as Lord Chief Justice in the Common Pleas, which is no wise incompatible with the high office his Lordship holds. The late Lord Hardwick, after being appointed Lord

Chancellor, continued to act as Lord Chief Justice in the King's-Bench for three months.

Advice is said to have just been received that a dreadful earthquake had happened in the island of Cuba, but particulars of the loss are not mentioned.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed the Gift Seal to be held at his Lordship's House in Lincoln's Inn Fields, on the 16th Instant.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Aug. 8.

"Last Friday the King's Counsel read in full Assembly of the Chambers, some further particulars concerning the carrying off six nuns of St. Mande; in consequence of which the parliament ordered, that the information should be continued, and that sister de Rincourt should be heard. The Priests, ordered to be taken into custody for this affair, made their escape, when the Tip-staff of the Court went to signify the decree to them.

"The first of this month the Commission appointed to introduce a reform in the Religious Orders of this kingdom, held their first session at the Hotel of the Archbishop of Toulouse, one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners."

Extract of a letter from Calcutta, Jan. 24.

"I will now endeavour to give you some of the occurrences of Bengal: Lord Clive has done great things, and caused great revolutions; the salt trade you will be informed of before these ships arrive; he has made a peace here with Shujah Dowla, which was celebrated since our arrival, all the French and Dutch being invited: it began the 14th of December, 1765, a battle with a buffalo and a tyger, or rather, indeed six buffaloes killing 2 tygers; for the latter is so cowardly an animal that it will not face any thing, and only attacks by surprise. After this two elephants fought two camels, and several rams; at night there was a play; the next day a grand dinner, a supper, and fireworks, much more elegant than any I ever beheld in England: the whole concluded with a ball.

"We hear the military are under some uneasiness, by being reduced their batta, or extra pay; as is the Civil, by four Gentlemen from Madras being appointed to supersede them.

A considerable bounty, we are informed, will soon be granted on the importation of American pine-malts.

As some of our readers may perhaps be unacquainted with the nature of the office now filled by the Right Hon. Lord Chatham, the following is subjoined:

The Lord Keeper of his Majesty's Privy Seal is a Privy Counsellor by his office, which is to keep the King's Privy Seal, and to set it to all charters and grants of the King, and pardons by him, before they come to the Great Seal; and to other things of less concern, as for the payment of money, &c. which do not pass by the Great Seal: He was antiently also Chief Judge of the Court of requests. Till 30th Henry VIII. this office was commonly executed by the Clergy, but since that time has been conferred only on temporal Lords. The Lord Privy Seal is created by a patent, and by taking an oath, and has an apartment near the House of Peers for his accommodation, which is sometimes used for the Lords Committees.

Dublin, Aug. 9. By private letters from Pensacola we are informed, that there have been great disturbances between the Governor and the military, which might have been attended with fatal consequences, had they not been prevented by the prudence of Lieut. Col. Ralph Walth, Chief in command there, whose conduct has received the public approbation of the Chief Justice and inhabitants of that colony.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,
YOUR Paper of late has been full of Letters, either vilifying or praising Lord Chatham. Nothing is more evident than this, that by quitting the House of Commons he has quitted his intrinsic Power, and has no more now left than those who possess his Majesty's Ear have a Mind to give him.

I am, Sir, your's, &c.

BRITANNICUS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. William Troin, has lost a new boat on the 16th day of October, inst. marked S P, on the inside and starboard quarter, and on the larboard quarter inside, was the date of the year, thus (1766).—Any person or persons that take up the said boat, and will bring it to Thomas Poole, at Beckman's-ship, in New-York; shall receive THREE DOLLARS reward, and all reasonable charges paid.
New York, October 20, 1766.

A few Skins of very best Vel-
lure, to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

TO BE SOLD, By
THOMAS DOUGHTY,
IN DOCK-STREET:
CHOICE old Madeira Wine, Lisbon Red Port, Tencrisse Wines by the Pipe, Quarter Cask or Five Gallons; also Jamaica Spirit, Well-India Rum, Holland Geneve, Bohea, Shouahong and Hyson Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Lump-Sugar, middling and double refined Loaf Sugar, Mulcovado Sugars, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Sweet Oil, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Pepper, French Indigo, Scotch and Rappee Snuff with sundry other Articles of Groceries.

the Heart of a fine Country, for all Sorts of Grain; the said Mills having a continual Run of Bufiles, and never fails for want of Water in the driest Seasons. The King's Road runs between the Mills and the Dwelling-House. It is conveniently situated for a Gentleman, Merchant, or any Sort of public Business, a Store having been kept there these several Years past. The said Farm is well water'd and timber'd with exceeding good Swamps, some of which are brought to great Perfection, being fit for Hay or any Sort of Grain. Any Person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to me the Subscriber, living on the Premises, who will give an indisputable Title for the same.

TO BE SOLD,
A Convenient Farm, containing between 70 and 80 Acres of choice Land, situate, lying and being in the County of Bergen, about 4 Miles from the Town of Hackensack, and three from the River, where there is a good convenient Landing-Place, and on the public Common Road, that leads to Ringwood and Sterling Iron-Works. There is on the said Plantation, a new Stone Dwelling House, with four Rooms on a Floor, an Entry through the Whole, a Kitchen and Milk Room, all under one Roof; a Flour bent Barn, with Cedar Cover; a young Orchard; two Grift-Mills, and a Saw-Mill, all in good Repair, standing about three Rods from the Dwelling-House, on the noted Stream called Saddle River, and in

T O B E S O L D,
A Choice Plantation at Ancous Brook. (or a Place called Peramos) in the County of Bergen, and Eastern Division of the Province of New-Jersey; containing about 100 Acres of good arable Land, Part whereof is cleared, the Remainder well wooded; there is on the fame a good new Stone Dwelling-House 40 Feet front, and 27 Feet back, the Front is all of hewn Stone, a Cellar under the Whole, and a Well of good Water before the Door; the Walls are near two Feet thick, and good Sash Windows to the House; there is also a good Kitchen 23 Feet one Way, and 20 Feet the other Way, and a good fire place therein: The House contains four Fire-places, and is two story high, is pleasantly situated between